KUKA **Robot Performance Assessment: Current Shortcomings and Proposed** Improvements

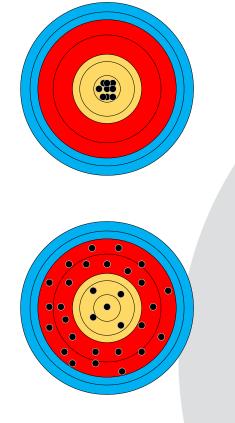
Houssaine Waled Senior Staff Engineer KUKA Robotics Corporation

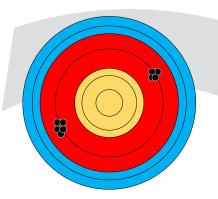
KUKA Issues with Current Standards

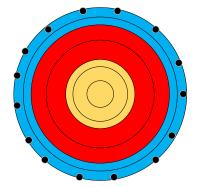
- No longer suitable for current robot applications
 - Complex paths
 - Highly dynamic motions
 - Performance throughout the robot envelope
 - Varied velocity performance demands (from very low to very high speed)
- Open to interpretation
 - Tests can be setup to procuce the best outcome
- No good basis to compare robots
 - Different ISO cubes, different loads, different speeds, etc.
- Definitions and methods lack rigor
- Some items can be left to the manufacturer to define
 - e.g. Limit band for stabilization time

KUKA Issues with Current Standards

The definition of accuracy makes it possible for a robot to be more accurate than repeatable







KUKA Issues with Current Standards

Inconsistent definitions

$$CR = \max CR_{i} \qquad j = 1, 2, 3$$

$$CR_{i} = \min \sqrt{(x_{i} - x_{e})^{2} + (y_{i} - y_{e})^{2} + (z_{i} - z_{e})^{2}} \qquad i = 1 \dots m$$

 $CO = \max CO_j$ j = 1, 2, 3

$$CO_{j} = \max \sqrt{(x_{i} - x_{ci})^{2} + (y_{i} - y_{ci})^{2}}$$
 $i = 1 \dots m$

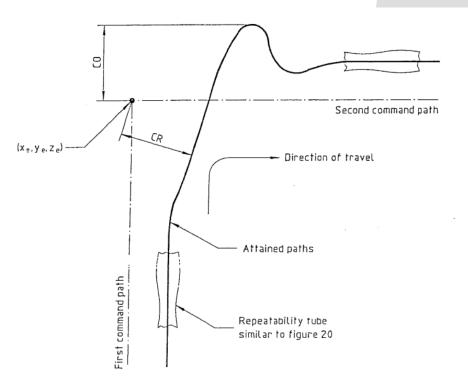


Figure 22 - Cornering overshoot and cornering round-off error at a sharp corner

Application-based standards

- Specific trajectories and criteria
 - Tailored to robot reach and DOFs
- Complements standard performance criteria



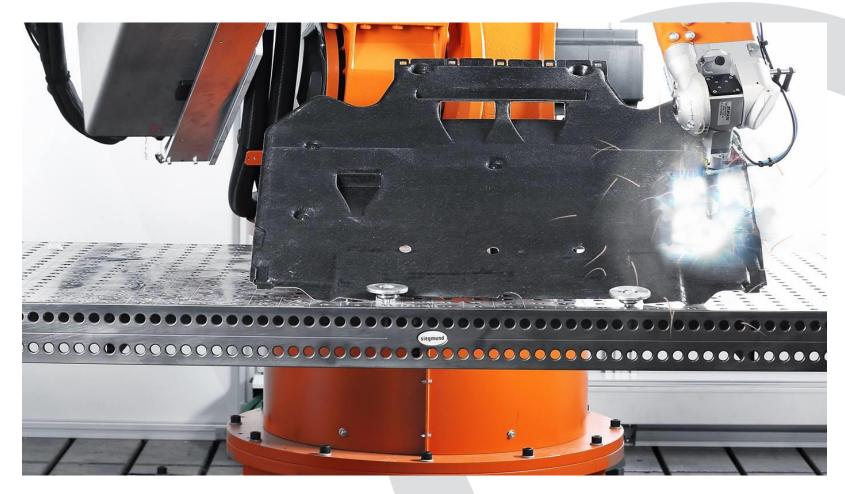
Application-based standards – Milling-Type

- 6D Accuracy
 - Full range of orientation
- Wide robot motion range
 - Parts require robot to stretch out and tuck in
- Cornering
- Velocity accuracy
- Applications:
 - Milling
 - Additive manufacturing

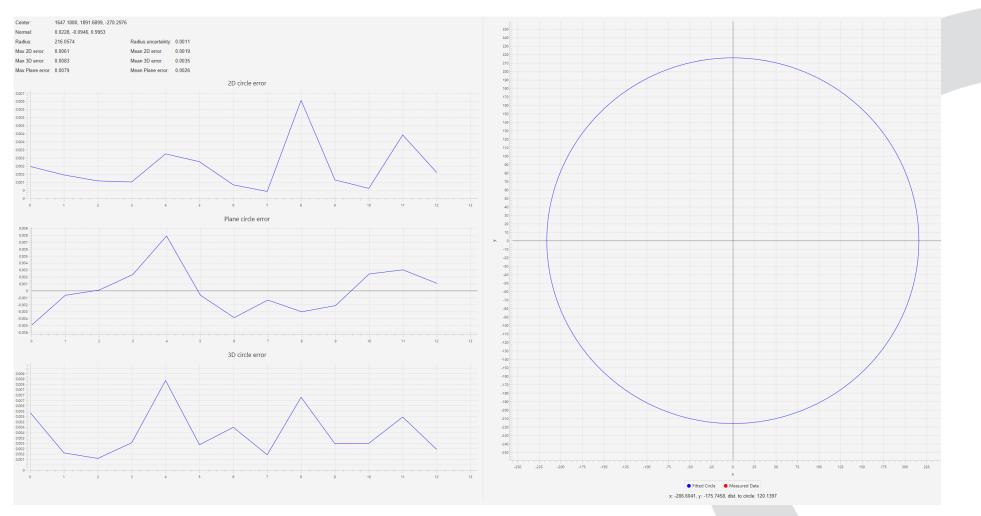


Application-based standards – Cutting/Separating

- "Planar" accuracy
- Cornering
- Velocity accuracy
- Very low speed
- Applications:
 - WaterJet cutting
 - Laser cutting

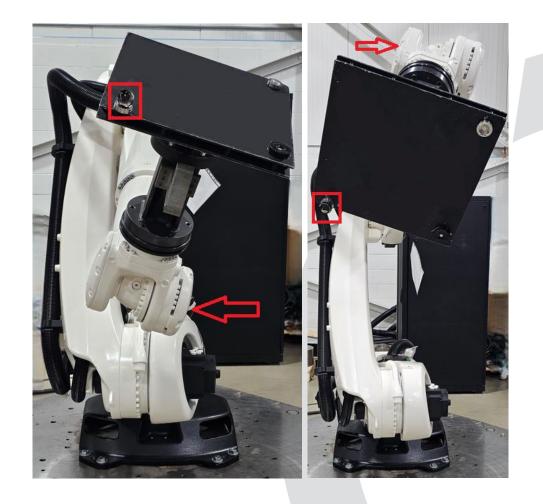


Application-based standards – Cutting/Separating



- Fixed-TCP accuracy
- Performance at the edges
- Stopping times and distances
- Drift due to joint re-mastering (re-calibration)
- Low speed performance
- Small circle performance
- Component exchangeability
- Pose drift due to high ducty cycles

Fixed-TCP



Absolute Accuracy Calibration

- Process severely handicapped by measurement systems
 - Accuracy
 - Range
 - Line of sight
- Need for better tools





THANK YOU!